

Integrated Computational Fluid Dynamics-Physiology- Pharmacokinetics Tools for Development and Evaluation of Orally Inhaled Drug Products

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***Chief Technology Officer**

Model-Integrated Evidence for Generic Drug Development

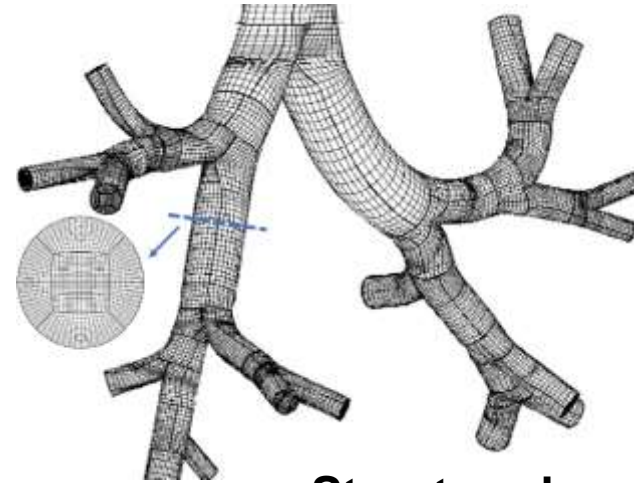
FDA, June 23, 2021

- **CFD in generic dug (GD) development**
- **Multiscale CFD-PBPK pipeline**
- **Generation of human airway model**
- **Bioaerosol inhalation/deposition model: E-L or E-E?**
- **Q3D airway barrier model**
- **PBPK**
- **CFD-PBPK Validation**
- **Summary, Recommendations**

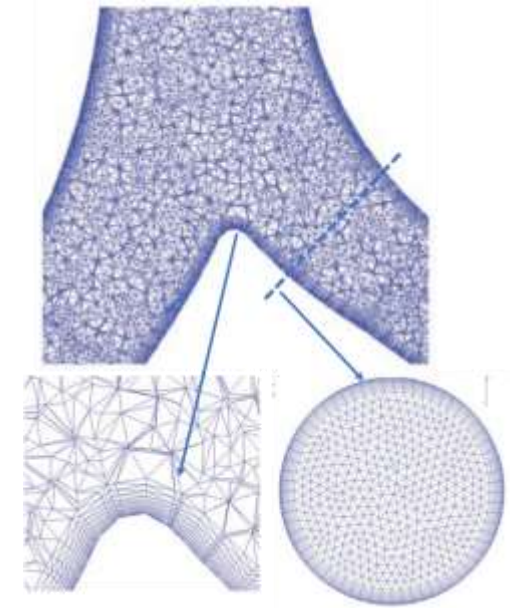
Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)

CFD software tools solve 3D Navier-Stokes equations along with species and particle transport

- Geometry represented as mesh
- Airway meshing – not trivial



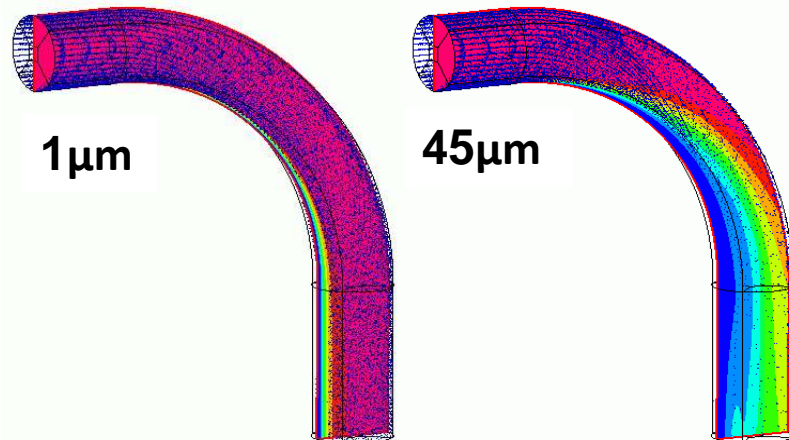
Structured



Unstructured

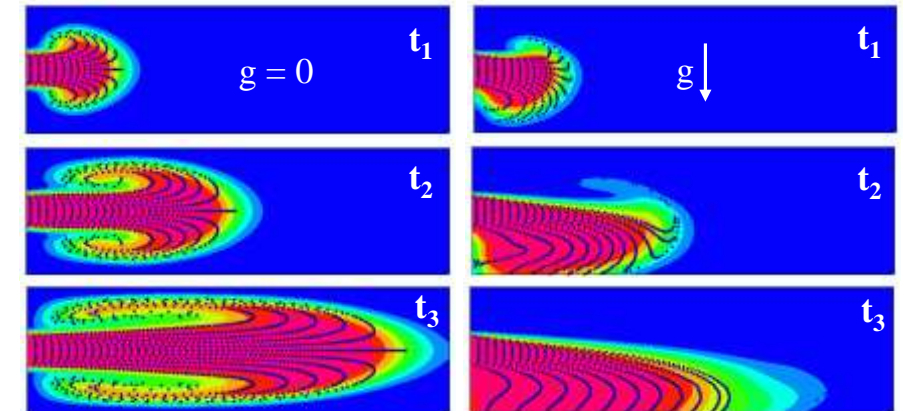
CFD Particle transport models

- Euler-Lagrange (E-L)- tracks individual particles
- Euler-Euler (E-E) - solves particle concentration transport equations



• • • E-L

E-E



- **Inhaler device - drug particles emission**
formulation, velocity profile, PSD (impactor), API release, ...
- **In vitro dissolution-permeation**
biophysics models with minimum or no calibration
- **In vitro mucosal barrier (lung-on-chip)**
- **Aerosol inhalation and airway wall deposition (sec)**
CFD model validation on airway phantoms for **DPI** vs **MDI**
- **Airway barrier (transport) model (min)**
Particle dissolution, escalator, transport, binding, systemic
- **Multiscale Barrier-PBPK model (hrs)**
lung barrier ↔ blood

DPI- Dry Powder Inhaler
- Breath actuated

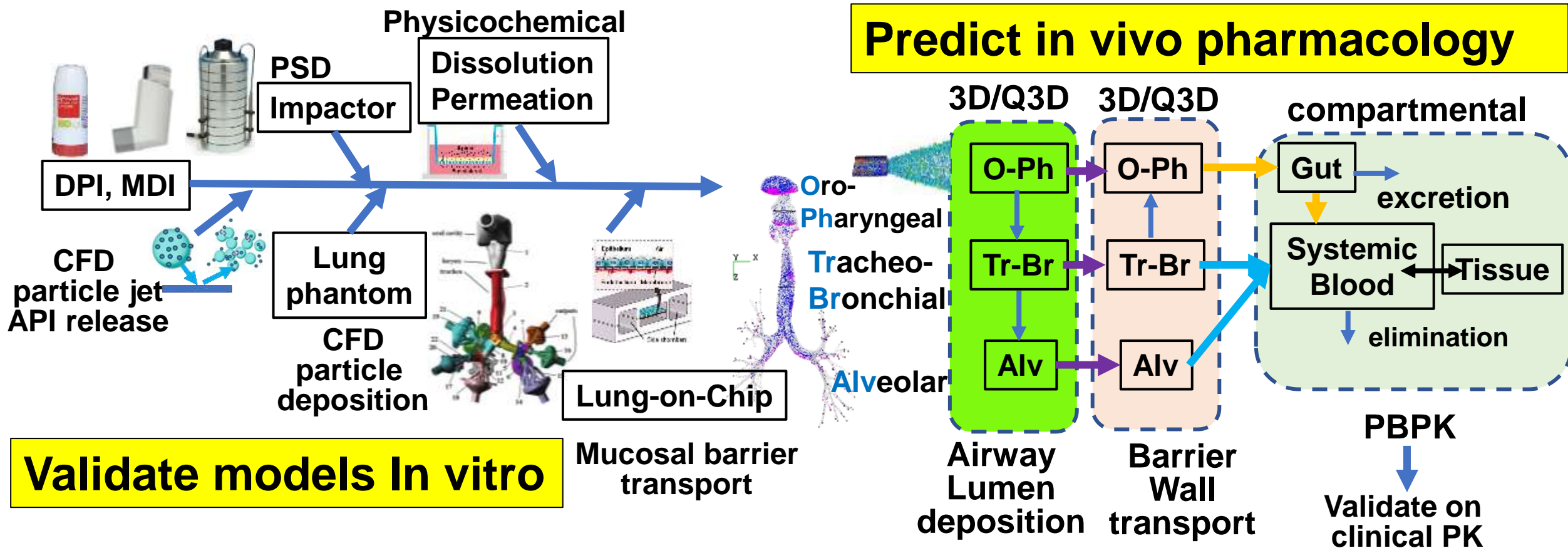


MDI- Metered Dose Inhaler
- Pressure activated



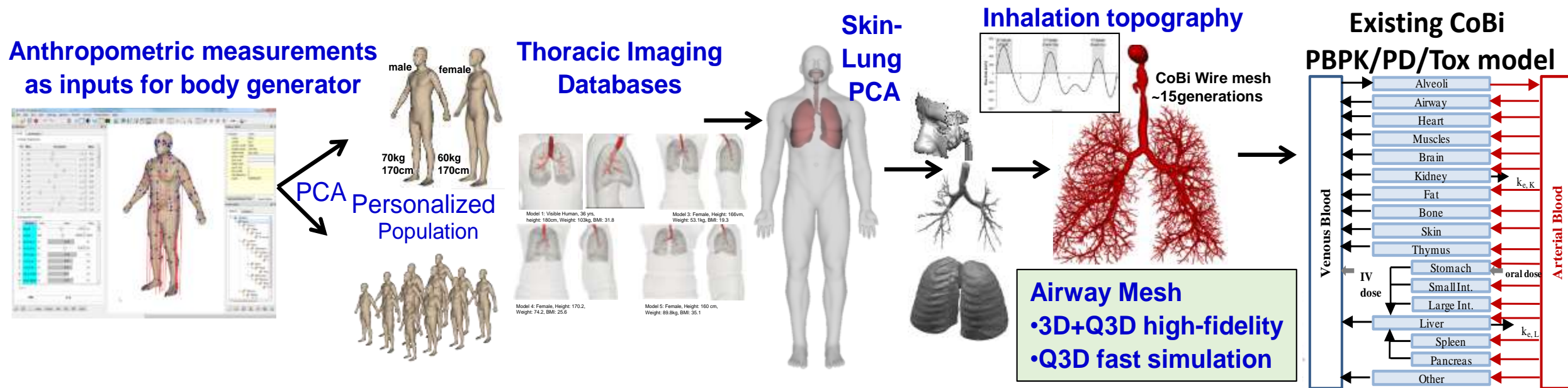
Multiscale CFD - PBPK pipeline

- Can in vitro validated CFD model linked to PBPK predict inhaled drug lung tissue and systemic PK?



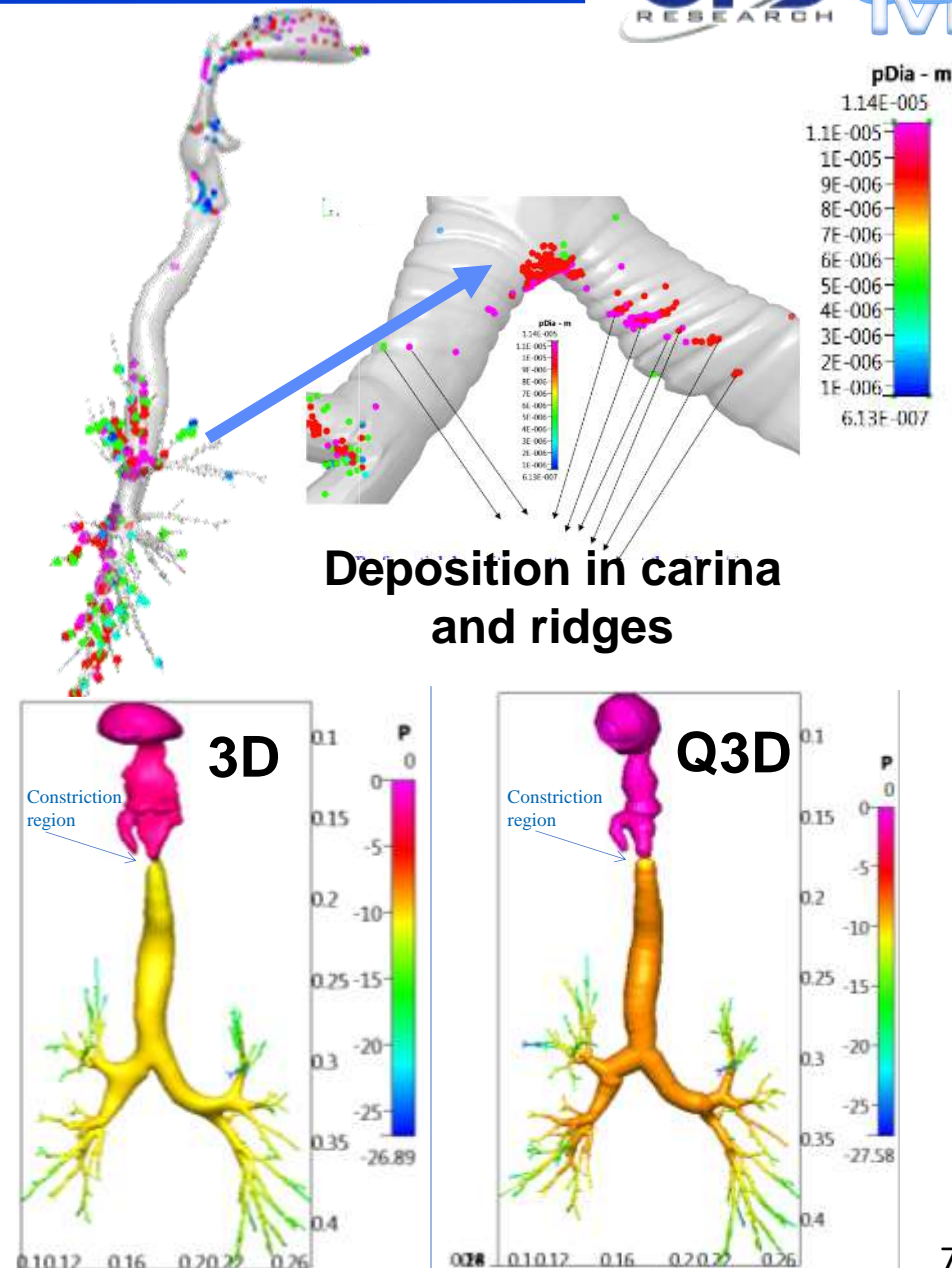
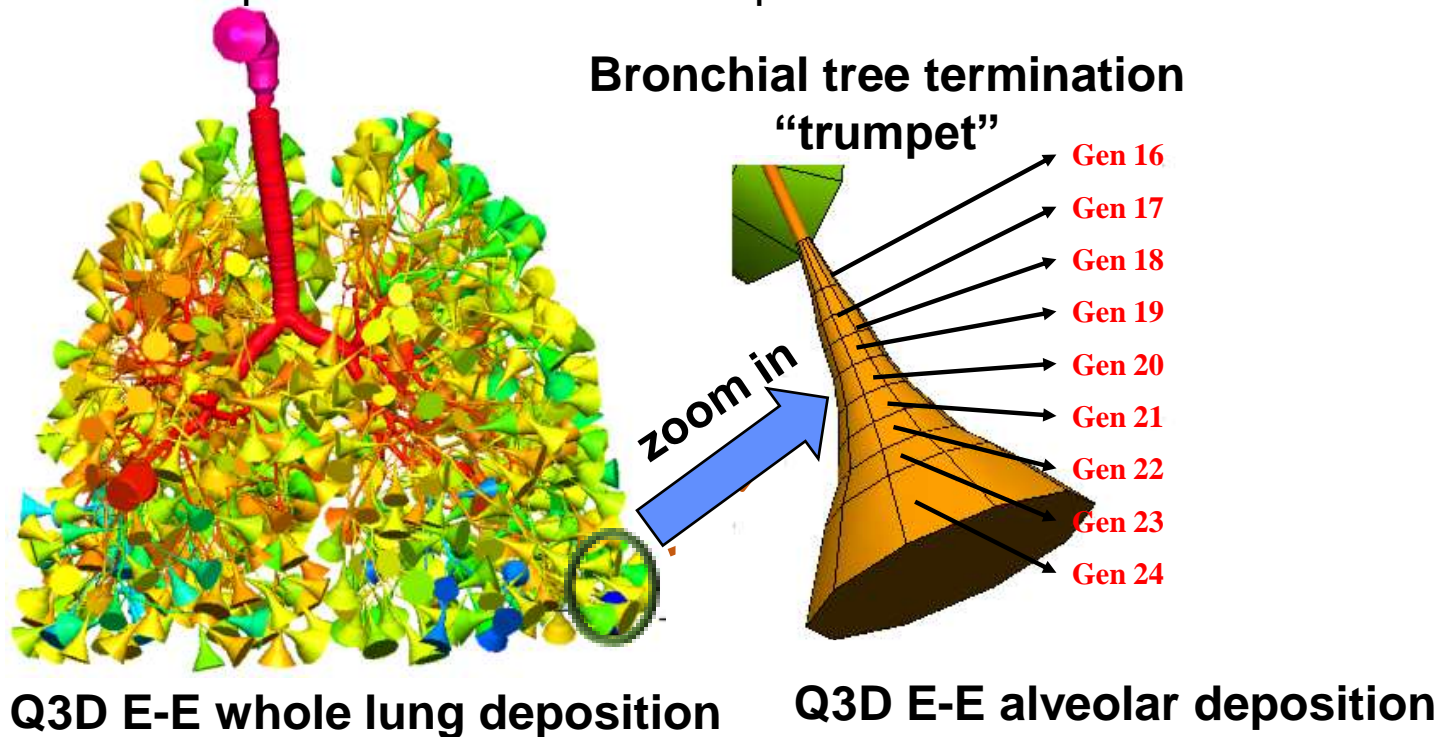
Generation of human airway model

- Huge variability of human respiratory system - airway size, shape, morphology, physiology, disease status
- Population Inhalation-deposition model needed
- Anthropometry + Spirometry based airway model can be generated



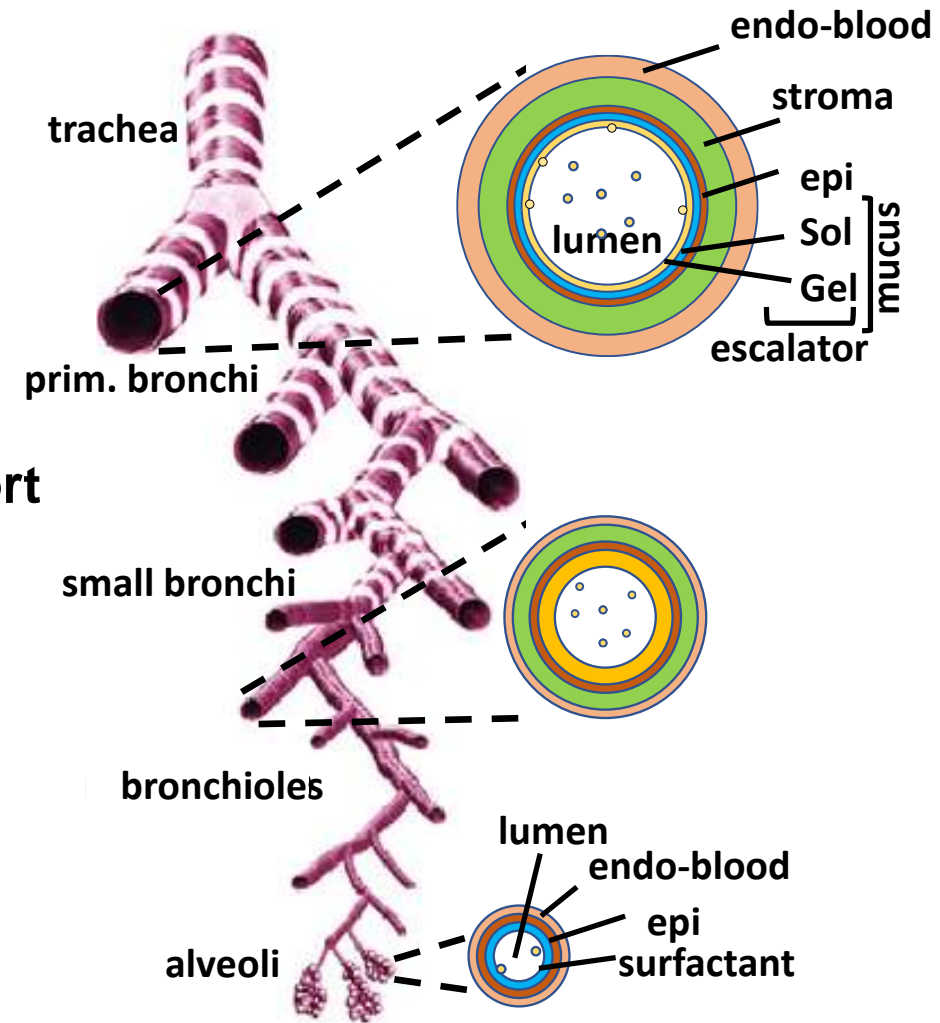
Bioaerosol inhalation/deposition model E-L or E-E

- **CoBi whole-body airway model**
 - Multiple lung anatomy models available
- **E-L:** particle inertia (++), dispersion (--), large number $\sim 10^7$ of particles needed, computationally slow (explicit)
- **E-E:** particle inertia (--), dispersion (++), fast implicit solution of particle concentration equations



Q3D airway barrier model

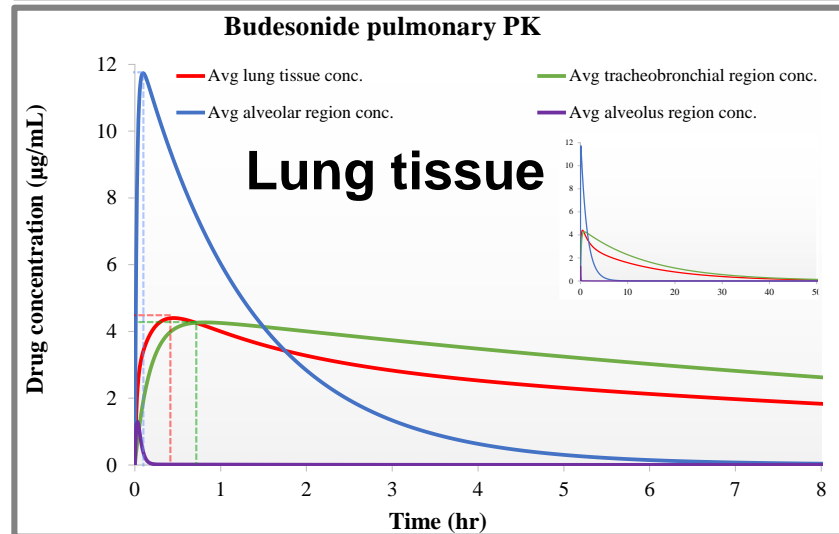
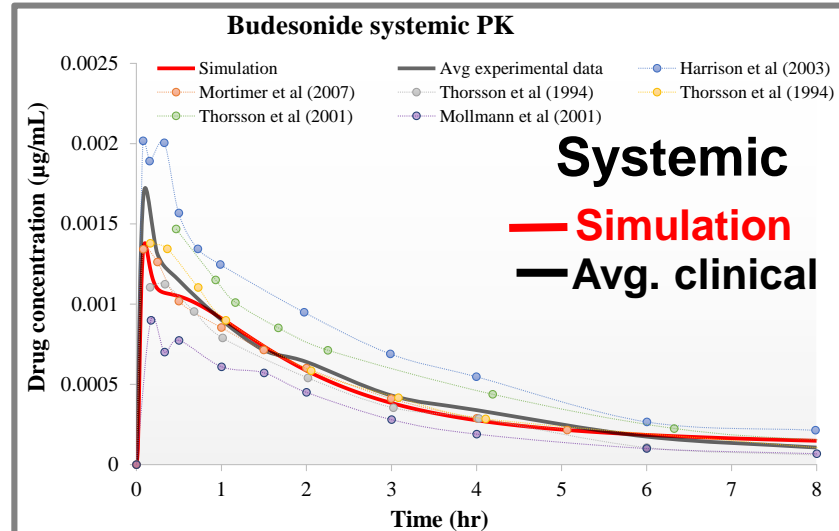
- **The Q3D airway tree wall subdivided**
 - axially into large number of cells,
 - radially into several layers (variable thickness/morphology)
- **Deposited particles dissolve in mucus, undergo mucociliary clearance into GIT, and trans-mucosal transport**
- **Dissolved API crosses all layers, binds to targets, absorbed to systemic circulation**
 - Spatial-temporal drug distribution in the lung wall barrier
- **Barrier model linked to whole body PBPK**



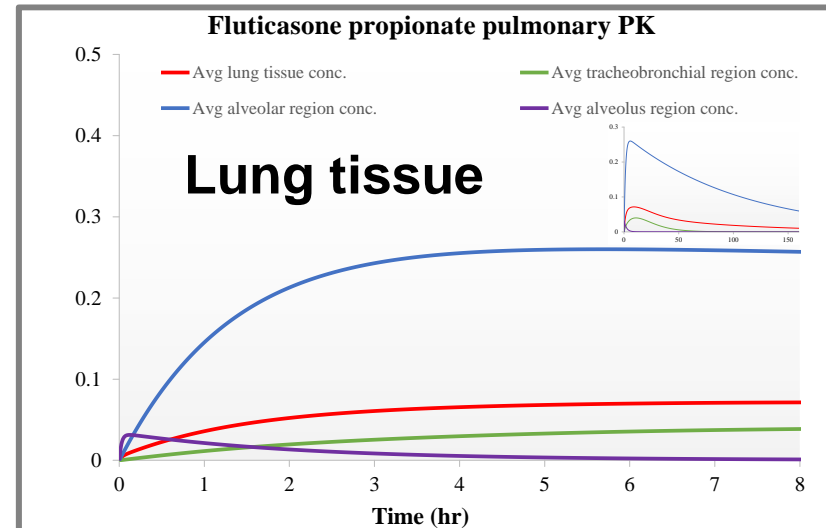
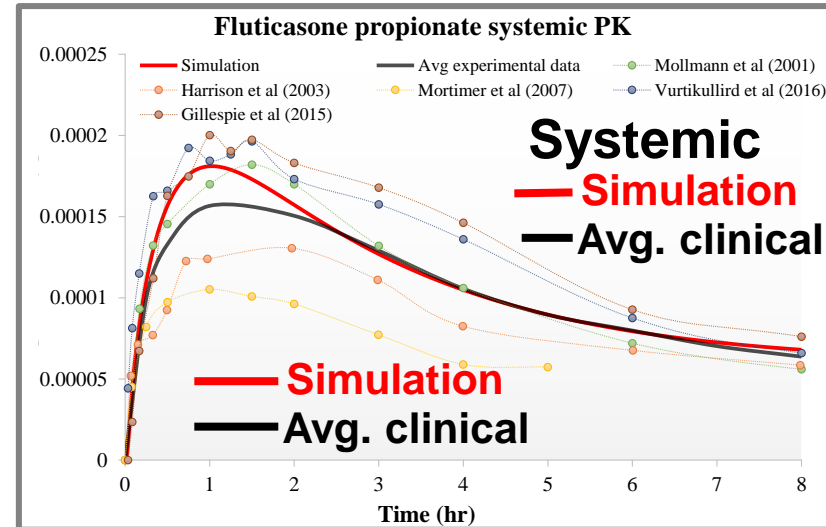
OIDP: CFD-PBPK Corticosteroid Validation

- Budesonide (high soluble) and Fluticasone (practically insoluble)

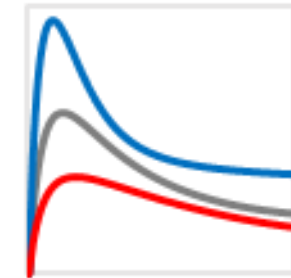
Budesonide



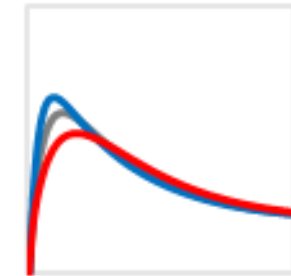
Fluticasone propionate



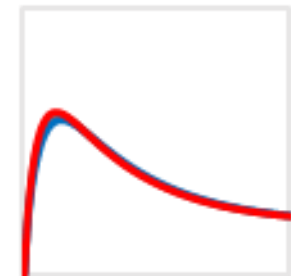
Rapid parameter sensitivity assessment



logP



B2P ratio



f_u

Summary and Recommendations



- **CFD-based models of in vitro devices needed for development of OIDP**
- **Validation protocols on in vitro data for:**
 - aerosolization, deposition, dissolution, permeability,
 - bronchi-on-chip, alveoli-on chip devices for validation of mucosal barrier models
- **CFD tools enable simulation of in vivo deposition, dissolution and absorption of OIDPs**
- **Predictive capabilities still need to be validated**
- **CFD-PBPK simulates drug distribution between systemic and lung tissue**
 - spatially resolved entire airway wall barrier feasible
- **CFD-PBPK model needs further validation on clinical data for innovator OIDPs**
 - novel methods data collection: pulmonary imaging, biomarkers, ...